

Performance & Weather Data February 6 - 20

Southern exposure only with limited shading is an important factor. <u>These tests are limited</u>. <u>In particular they do not include glazing on the west, north and east building faces</u>. As such they may not accurately reflect building envelope performance under optimal control conditions.

Solar panels extending 36" from the building above the windows provide 0% shading during Feb.

The weather information gathered is based on the U.S. Postal Code for the Chicago Center for Green Technology (60612) and sourced through the <u>WeatherUnderground website</u>.

The room is approximately 47 feet wide from east to west. The windows being tested are at opposite ends, approximately 40 feet apart. They are double glazed, wood cased with no films applied or gasses present. The window wells are quite deep. At almost exactly 11" from the inside face of the glass to the face of the shades there is ample room for convection currents.

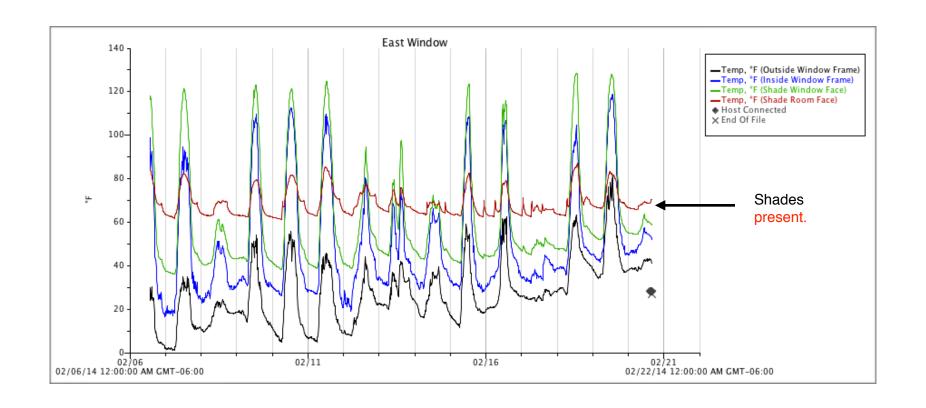
The ceilings are 128" high, there are four HVAC vents equally spaced across the ceiling. Both the vents and ducts are exposed. The thermostat dedicated to the room is on the opposite wall. Daily records of thermostat settings have not been available. It is safe to assume an average setting of 72°F.

High and Low temperatures originate from the graphs below. Temperatures were confirmed and averages were taken from the Onset data spreadsheets.

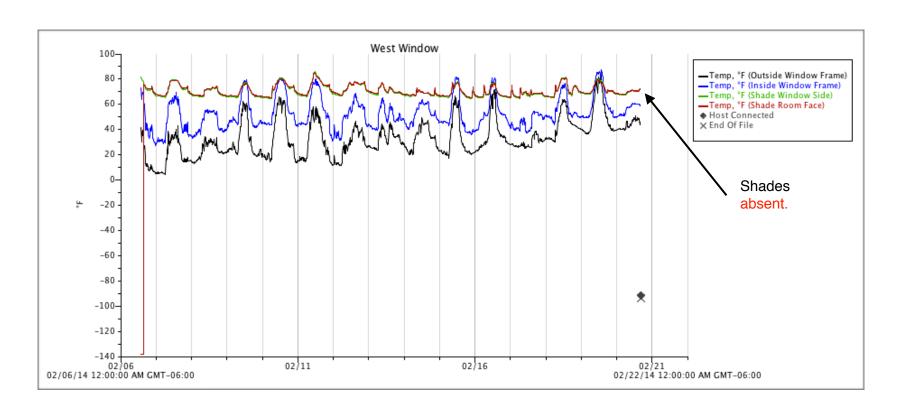
East Windows = Shades *permanently deployed* throughout test period. West Windows = Shades *permanently raised* throughout test period.

One **Onset** data logger and four sensors deployed per window assembly.

<u>Black</u> = outside window frame. <u>Blue</u> = inside window frame. <u>Green</u>= window side face of shade. <u>Red</u> = room side face of shade.

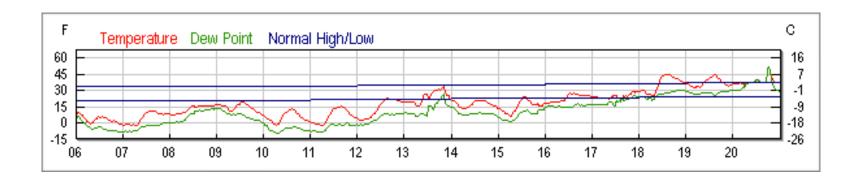


East Windows			Averages	Temperature Comparisons		
Outside Window Frame (1) (3) (2)	High Feb 19 Low Feb 7	81° 1°	27.16°	02/19 02/07	45° High 32° Low 11° High -03° Low	
Inside Window Frame (4)	High Feb 19 Low Feb 6	119° 17°	48.94°	02/19 02/06	45° High 32° Low 12° High -01° Low	
Window Side Face of Shades (4)	High Feb 18 Low Feb 7	129° 36°	61.22°	02/18 02/07	45° High 23° Low 11° High -03° Low	
Room Side Face of Shades (3)	High Feb 18 Low Feb 10	87° 61°	68.79°	02/18 02/10	45° High 23° Low 13° High -02° Low	



West Windows		Averages	Temperature Comparisons			
Outside Window Frame	High Feb 19 Low Feb 7	85° 4°	32.90°	02/19 02/07	45° High 11° High	32° Low -3° Low
Inside Window Frame	High Feb 19 Low Feb 6	88° 28°	52.33°	02/19 02/06	45° High 12° High	32° Low -1° Low
Window Side Face (5) (4.5" inset from wall face)	High Feb 11 Low Feb 10	85° 64°	70.45°	02/11 02/10	15° High 13° High	-4° Low -2° Low
Room Side Face (5) (4" inset from wall face)	High Feb 11 Low Feb 10	85° 64°	69.46°	02/11 02/10	15° High 13° High	-4° Low -2° Low

Weather Data Feb. 6 - 20 http://bit.ly/1n0sp0v
High Feb. 20 51° Low Feb. 11 -04°



Daily Data							
02/06 http://bit.ly/1dCYx63	02/07 http://bit.ly/1IYePAK	02/08 http://bit.ly/1kwlpeT					
02/09 http://bit.ly/1eOEl5N	02/10 http://bit.ly/1grusto	02/11 http://bit.ly/1ohNXKv					
02/12 http://bit.ly/1evIhUA	02/13 http://bit.ly/MjPNMr	02/14 http://bit.ly/1cNBZA3					
02/15 http://bit.ly/1cNCmL8	02/16 http://bit.ly/1gvUFZR	02/17 http://bit.ly/1eMSyvU					
02/18 http://bit.ly/1jQHMwl	02/19 http://bit.ly/1jSQhY1	02/20 <u>http://bit.ly/1mycY5X</u>					

Notes.

- (1) The Feb. 19 exterior High of 81° vs. Low of 34° = 47° difference. By comparison the Feb. 19 face of shade High of 83° vs. Low of 66° = 17° difference.
- (2) The Feb. 7 exterior Low of 1° vs. High of 35° = 34° difference. By comparison the Feb. 7 face of shade Low of 62° vs. High of 82° = 20° difference.
- (3) The exterior High of 81° to Low of 1° = 80° swing. The face of shade High of 87° to Low of 61° = 26° swing.
- (4) The East Window High temperatures recorded on the inside of the window frame and window side face of the shades is not indicative of a typical installation where the shades would normally be raised during the day to allow for passive gains. Similarly some of this heat penetration to the inside face of the shade is likely to raise those temperatures somewhat.
- (5) With nothing separating these 2 sensors the temperatures recorded will always track each other closely and are likely indicative of both room temperatures and convection currents present.